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Social community 1. Using articles own name e. G. John, india, alice, and chicago) is not an article. It always begins with an uppercase letter. My name is john. (not my name is john.) he lives in chicago. (we do not live in chicago.) a common noun (e. G. Boy, girl, cat, rat. Social community country) should have an article. The cat chased the rat. (cat is chasing me.) a plural noun can be used without an article or. 2. Tensethe past perfect past perfect should be used when the last time a verb is passed to another. Realizing i had known him before.

(i did not understand that i met him before.) patients had died before the doctor arrived at. (no patient died before the arrival of medical.) 3. Subordinate sentence adverbs tense clausesin in the present tense is used to refer to in the future. Social community if you call him. He will come. (if you invite him. He will come.) after the end of my studies. I will go to london. (not long after i finish school. I go to london.) 4. Too and verytoo means "more than you should be". It has negative connotations. She is very nice. Social community (she is not too nice.) the story was very interesting.

(no story was very interesting.) 5. Suggestions that start with a negative oordin sentences begin with a negative word (e. social community g. Never, hardly, hardly, not earlier). We use the inverted word order. This means that the verb comes before the subject. I have never seen such a sight. (not i have never seen such a spectacle.) it is unlikely that i had the rest on monday. Social community (not i hardly had any sleep since monday.)6. Do not use two alignments when one enoughone together enough to connect two clauses. English does not require a second. Correct: although he was intelligent. He can not solve the problem. Correct: he was smart. But he could not solve this problem. Correct: he was smart. But could not solve the problem. False: although he is smart but he can not solve the problem. Incorrect: although he was smart he could not solve the problem. Social community 7. Clausesif two position in the sentence. They must be linked together or a relative pronoun. Incorrect: this is my friend. He was at school with me. Accuracy: this is my friend at school with me. Wrong: this is my house. I live here. : this is my home. I live in. 8. So forvhen counting from a specific date. Social community we use both, but we always use in the. Examples are: from last monday because friday since july. For two weeks to three months. Etc. Incorrect: he was wrong. Because in three months. Correct: he was sick for three months. 9. According towe, not according to our opinions. According to jane, things are better. (= if it is true jane says. Things will get better.), to their own opinions. We use expressions like. In my opinion,. In my opinion, this is a big mistake. (not for me, it's a big mistake.) 10. Position adverbsdo not put an attachment between a verb and its object. Adverbs can go either before or after the verb object. I often buy about comics. (not i often comic.) speak english well. (not she speaks english.

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a social community manjusha nambiar is an esl tutor and content developer. His site offers english grammar perfectyourenglish and practical classes on english usage. Subscribe to feed her to win a free ebook called grammar grammar and vocabulary '120 mistakes to avoid '.

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